BEGIN. JAN. 23, 1960

30.24-9851

A41WX (BJT)
(650) AMS BUDGET
DISARMAMENT
BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-BRITAIN IS DUE TO TAKE THE LEAD IN SEEKING WESTERN AGREEMENT, STARTING NEXT WEEK, ON A GLOBAL ARMS CONTROL PLAN AIMED AT TOTAL NUCLEAR DISARMAMENT UNDER AN INTERNATIONAL POLICING SYSTEM.

EEXPERTS OF THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN, FRANCE, CANADA AND ITALY WILL BEGIN DISCUSSIONS AT THE STATE DEPARTMENT MONDAY ON THE DEVELOPMENT, IF POSSIBLE, OF A UNIFIED ARMS POLICY FOR NEGOTIATION WITH RUSSIA.

THE DEADLINE IS MARCH 15. ON THAT DATE THE FIVE WESTERN NATIONS ARE DUE TO MEET AT GENEVA WITH THE SOVIET UNION AND FOUR OTHER COMMUNIST COUNTRIES FOR A NEW ROUND OF TALKS ON DISARMAMENT. THE LAST SUCH TALKS BROKE DOWN IN LATE 1957 AFTER BECOMING HOPELESSLY DEADLOCKED OVER THE INSPECTION ISSUE.

THIS ISSUE COULD ALSO BE THE BREAKING POINT FOR THE NEW TALKS SINCE THERE IS NO REAL EVIDENCE YET THAT THE SOVIET UNION IS PREPARED TO ACCEPT THE KIND OF FAR REACHING INTERNATIONAL MILITARY CHECKS ON ITS MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT WHICH THE WESTERN POWERS HAVE DEMANDED FOR YEARS AS NECESSARY TO GUARANTEE NO CHEATING UNDER A DISARMAMENT PROGRAM.

DESPITE THE ESSENTIALLY PESSIMISTIC OUTLOOK, HOWEVER, WESTERN LEADERS FEEL THEY MUST GO ON NEGOTIATING PRIMARILY FOR TWO REASONS. FIRST, THERE IS ALWAYS A CHANCE THAT AGREEMENT MIGHT BE REACHED WHICH WOULD SAVE THE WORLD FROM THE DANGER OF ATOMIC DEVASTATION. SECOND, IT IS ESSENTIAL NOT TO LET THE SOVIET UNION DEFEAT THE WEST IN THE PEACE PROPAGANDA STRUGGLE.

DIPLOMATS SAY BOTH THESE CONSIDERATIONS WILL INFLUENCE THE POLICY-MAKING TALKS WHICH BEGIN MONDAY. THEY MEAN THAT THE WESTERN POWERS WILL TRY TO FASHION A DISARMAMENT PROGRAM WHICH THEY COULD HAVE FAITH IN IF THE SOVIETS WOULD ACCEPT IT AND AT THE SAME TIME TO MAP OUT LONG RANGE GOALS FOR DISARMAMENT WHICH WILL OFFSET SOVIET CLAIMS.

BRITAIN IS EXPECTED TO TAKE THE LEAD IN THIS EFFORT BECAUSE BRITAIN APPARENTLY HAS THE MOST FULLY DEVELOPED PLAN FOR ACHIEVING BOTH PURPOSES. BRITISH IDEAS HAVE BEEN CIRCULATED AMONG THE LEADING WESTERN GOVERNMENTS AND U.S. OFFICIALS SAY PRIVATELY THEY ARE STRONGLY IMPRESSED WITH THE BREADTH OF THE BRITISH APPROACH.

IT IS EXPECTED, THEREFORE, THAT U.S. NEGOTIATORS WILL SUPPORT AT LEAST THE GENERAL LINES OF THE BRITISH APPROACH -- ESPECIALLY SINCE OFFICIALS REPORT THAT THIS COUNTRY'S OWN DISARMAMENT POLICY REVIEW IS STILL UNDER WAY AND FINAL DECISIONS ON THE U.S. NEGOTIATING POSITION ARE STILL TO BE MADE.

THE BRITISH PLAN, WHICH WAS SKETCHED IN OUTLINE TO THE UNITED NATIONS BY FOREIGN MINISTER SELWYN LLOYD LAST FALL, CALLS FOR MOVING BY "BALANCED STAGES" TOWARD TOTAL ABOLITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS AND ALL OTHER WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION PLUS THE REDUCTION OF CONVENTION WEAPONS AND ARMED FORCES TO A POINT WHERE NO NATION WOULD HAVE THE RESOURCES OF POWER TO LAUNCH AN AGGRESSIVE WAR.

THE BRITISH PLAN WOULD START WITH AN AGREEMENT ON PROHIBITING NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS -- THE PROBLEM NOW UNDER NEGOTIATION WITH THE RUSSIANS AT

WEAPONS TESTS -- THE PROBLEM NOW UNDER NEGOTIATION WITH THE RUSSIANS AT
GENEVA -- AND WOULD GO THROUGH STEP BY STEP DEVELOPMENT OF AN INTERNATIONAL INSPECTION SYSTEM AND PROGRESSIVE ARMS REDUCTION UNTIL THERE WAS SET UP AN INTERNATIONAL CONTROL ORGANIZATION WITH THEE FULL CAPABILITY FOR POLICING WORLD PEACE.

IN THE INTERVENING STEPS, EACH ACCOMPANIED BY INCREASING CONTROL ARRANGEMENTS, THE MANUFACTURE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS WOULD BE HALTED AND EVENTUALLY EXISTING WEAPONS WOULD BE DESTROYED, CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WOULD BE SCRAPPED BY TURNING THEM OVER TO AN INTERNATIONAL POOL AND MILITARY FORCES WOULD BE REDUCED IN SIZE TO THE LEVEL NECESSARY FOR EACH COUNTRY'S INTERNAL SECURITY.

ONE OF THE THINGS U.S. OFFICIALS LIKED ABOUT THE BRITISH PLAN WAS THAT IT PRESERVED THE IDEA OF PROGRESSIVE EXPANSION OF CONTROL MACHINERY CONCURRENTLY WITH SUCCESSIVE CUTBACKS IN MILITARY POWER. THIS HAS BEEN A FEATURE OF PAST WESTERN PLANS PRESENTED TO THE RUSSIANS. AT THE SAME TIME U.S. OFFICIALS SAID THE BRITISH PLAN RETAINS THE ULTIMATE OBJECTIVE, NOW HARDLY MORE THAN AN IDEALISTIC HOPE, OF COMPLETELY LIFTING THE FEAR OF NUCLEAR WAR FROM THE WORLD AND REDUCING ORDINARY MILITARY FORCES TO THE ROLE OF INTERNAL POLICE ORGANIZATIONS.

SOME WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAID THAT IF THERE IS ANY REAL DIFFICULTY IN REACHING AGREEMENT AS THE TALKS PROGRESS IT MAY COME FROM INABILITY OF THE U. S. GOVERNMENT TO MAKE UP ITS OWN MIND ON A HARD AND FAST DISARMAMENT POSITION. THEY REPORTED THAT DISARMAMENT ISSUES ALWAYS STIR HEATED CONTROVERSY BETWEEN THE STATE DEPARTMENT AND THE PENTAGON AND AMONG THE ARMED FORCES THEMSELVES.

IN THE EARLY STAGES AT LEAST, THE DISCUSSIONS STARTING MONDAY WILL BE CONDUCTED BY DISARMAMENT EXPERTS OF THE FIVE WESTERN POWERS CONSISTING OF PHILIP J. FARLEY, AN ASSISTANT TO SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER; CON O'NEILL, ASSISTANT UNDERSECRETARY OF THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE; LUCA DAINALLI, ITALIAN FOREIGN SERVICE COUNSELLOR; AND SPECIALISTS OF THE CANADIAN AND FRENCH FOREIGN OFFICES.

FOR THE MOST PART CANADA WILL BE REPRESENTED BY GEN. E. L. M. BYRNES, NEWLY ASSIGNED BY THE OTTAWA GOVERNMENT TO THE NEGOTIATIONS, AND FRANCE'S SPOKESMAN WILL BE AMBASSADOR HERVE ALPHAND.

AT A LATER STAGE OTHER TOP LEVEL NEGOTIATORS ARE EXPECTED TO BE BROUGHT INTO THE REGULAR DISCUSSIONS, INCLUDING JULES MOCH OF FRANCE AND FREDERICK M. ETON OF THE UNITED STATES. ETON WAS NAMED BY PRESIDENT EISENHOWER DEC. 4 TO HEAD THE U. S. DELEGATION IN THE 10-NATION MEETINGS AT GENEVA.

U. S. OFFICIALS SAID WESTERN POWERS SHOULD NOT HAVE GREAT TROUBLE IN DEVELOPING A COORDINATED POSITION ON DISARMAMENT AFTER SO MANY YEARS OF EXPERIENCE IN NEGOTIATING THE ISSUE WITH RUSSIA.

FOR EXAMPLE, MOCH HAS STRONGLY EMPHASIZED IN RECENT SPEECHES THAT THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT BELIEVES THE MOST EFFECTIVE NUCLEAR ARMS CONTROL MEASURE IS CONTROL OF THE MEANS OF DELIVERY, MEANING MISSILES AND AIRCRAFT.

THERE IS GENERAL AGREEMENT BY OTHER WESTERN GOVERNMENTS ON THE IMPORTANCE OF CONTROLLING THE MEANS OF DELIVERY AS ON MANY OTHER WELL ESTABLISHED DISARMAMENT PRINCIPLES. THE SERIOUS DIFFERENCES WHICH DO ARISE WILL BE CONCERNED MORE WITH HOW THESE PRINCIPLES FIT TOGETHER INTO A SINGLE DISARMAMENT PACKAGE THAT CAN RIVAL IN POPULAR APPEAL OVER THE WORLD MOSCOW'S PROPAGANDA CAMPAIGN IN SUPPORT OF ABSOLUTE, TOTAL DISARMAMENT.

EG432PES

A97

BY SPENCER MOOSA (330)

TAIPEI, FORMOSA, JAN. 23 (AP)-NATIONALIST CHINA TOOK SHARP ISSUE WITH THE UNITED STATES TONIGHT ON THE QUESTION OF INCLUDING COMMUNIST CHINA IN ANY EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT ACCORD.

THE UNITED STATES SUGGESTED THURSDAY IT WOULD FAVOR INCLUDING RED CHINA IN A WORLDWIDE ARMS BAN. THE STATE DEPARTMENT MADE ITS COMMENT AFTER FOREIGN MINISTER CHEN YI OF REDTHINA SAID PEIPIN

CHINA IN A WORLDWIDE ARMS BAN. THE STATE DEPARTMENT MADE ITS COMMENT AFTER FOREIGN MINISTER CHEN YI OF RED CHINA SAID PEIPING WOULD NOT BE BOUND BY ANY SUCH AGREEMENT REACHED WITHOUT FORMAL PARTICIPATION BY HIS COUNTRY.

THE NATIONALIST CHINESE FOREIGN OFFICE, IN A WRITTEN STATEMENT LATE TONIGHT, DID NOT MENTION THE UNITED STATES BY NAME BUT OBVIOUSLY HAD WASHINGTON IN MIND. IT SAID:

"IT HAS BEEN SOVIET RUSSIA'S HOPE SOMEHOW TO 'SMUGGLE' THE CHINESE COMMUNIST REGIME INTO THE COMMUNITY OF CIVILIZED NATIONS.

"THE KREMLIN NOW SEIZES UPON THE WESTERN NATIONS' EAGERNESS FOR DISARMAMENT AS A LEVER TO PRESS THIS ENTRIGUE ANEW BY PLAYING ON THE WESTERN NATIONS' FEAR THAT ANY EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT ACCORD, UNLESS IT HAS THE PARTICIPATION OF THE PEIPING REGIME, IS NOT BINDING ON THE LATTER.

"REALLY IT SHOULD NOT REQUIRE ANY SPECIAL CLAIRVOYANCE TO SEE THROUGH SOVIET RUSSIA'S SINISTER DESIGN.

"FOR THIS REASON, IT IS A MATTER OF REGRET THAT THE WESTERN POWERS SHOULD HAVE FELT THAT IF THE GENEVA DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE SHOULD ESTABLISH THE COMMUNIST SIDE'S INTENTION TO JOIN THE WESTERN NATIONS IN A WORKABLE AND ADEQUATELY CONTROLLED DISARMAMENT PROGRAM AND IF SUBSTANTIAL PROGRESS IS MADE TOWARD CONTROLLED DISARMAMENT DURING THE COURSE OF THESE DISCUSSIONS, THEN IT WOULD BE 'LOGICAL' TO CONSIDER THE PEIPING REGIME'S PARTICIPATION IN SUCH A PROGRAM.

"FROM OUR POINT OF VIEW, NOTHING COULD BE MORE ILLOGICAL THAN TO LET THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS HAVE ANYTHING TO DO WITH THE NEGOTIATING OR WITH THE SIGNING OF ANY DISARMAMENT PROGRAM OR ARRANGEMENT. . .

"IF THERE SHOULD BE AN EAST-WEST DISARMAMENT AGREEMENT, WHICH IS DOUBTFUL IN VIEW OF RUSSIA'S KNOWN DUPLICITY AND LACK OF SINCERITY IN THE PAST, IT WOULD BE RUSSIA'S RESPONSIBILITY TO SEE TO IT THAT THE PEIPING REGIME ACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUCH AN AGREEMENT. AND IF THE LATTER SHOULD FAIL TO DO SO, THEN RUSSIA IS THE PARTY WHICH SHOULD BE HELD ACCOUNTABLE. . ."

DF

A102

MOSCOW, JAN. 23 (AP)-THE SOVIET NEWS AGENCY TASS REPORTED TODAY RED CHINA'S REFUSAL TO RECOGNIZE ANY DISARMAMENT PACT IT HAD NO PART IN NEGOTIATING OR HAD NOT SIGNED.

(THE ANNOUNCEMENT OF THE CHINESE POSITION WAS MADE EARLIER THIS WEEK BY PEIPING RADIO.)

THE CHINESE POSITION REPORTED BY TASS SEEMED TO BE THAT PEIPING COULD NOT FOLLOW THE SOVIET UNION'S LEAD IN DISARMAMENT DESPITE ITS COMPLETE SYMPATHY AND SUPPORT FOR THE RUSSIAN PLAN.

TASS SAID THE CHINESE GAVE AS ITS REASONS FOR ITS STAND THE PRESENCE OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN KOREA, THE U.S. FLEET AROUND FORMOSA AND THE NEW U.S.-JAPANESE MILITARY SECURITY PACT.

DF750PES

A150WX

(700) ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY, JAN. 24--NOTE DATE

U.S.-RUSSIA MISSILES

BY ELTON C. FAY

ASSOCIATED PRESS MILITARY AFFAIRS WRITER

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-A SENATE COMMITTEE WILL SUMMON TOP AIR FORCE OFFICIALS NEXT WEEK TO GIVE A NOSE COUNT OF LONG RANGE MISSILES IN THE AMERICAN ARSENAL--AND TO ESTIMATE HOW MANY SUCH ROCKETS RUSSIA HAS READY.

THE APPEARANCE OF AIR SECRETARY DUDLEY C. SHARP; GEN. THOMAS D. WHITE, AIR FORCE CHIEF OF STAFF, AND OTHER OFFICIALS BEFORE THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE WILL FOLLOW THIS WEEK'S TESTIMONY BY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS GATES JR. THAT THE UNITED STATES WAS NOT AS BAD OFF AS INTELLIGENCE SPECIALISTS HAD FIGURED.

THE CONTINUED PROBE INTO U.S. READINESS IN MISSILES AND OTHER MILITARY FIELDS FOLLOWS RUSSIA'S DRAMATIC DEMONSTRATION LAST WEDNESDAY OF HER MISSILE CAPABILITY.

THE RUSSIANS FIRED A MASSIVE ROCKET ABOUT 7,760 MILES, INTO A RECTANGULAR AREA OF THE PACIFIC SOUTHWEST OF HAWAII. THE CONE HIT WITHIN A MILE AND A QUARTER OF WHERE IT WAS AIMED, MOSCOW SAID--AND THERE WAS NO IMMEDIATE INFORMATION FROM AMERICAN SOURCES TO CHALLENGE THAT CLAIM.

GATES AGREED IN TALKING WITH NEWSMEN HERE THAT IT WAS A VERY GOOD SHOT, BUT ADDED QUICKLY THAT U.S. ATLAS MISSILES WERE VERY GOOD, TOOD.

LT. GEN. BERNARD SCHRIEVER, CHIEF OF THE AIR FORCE'S RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT COMMAND, WAS EMPHATIC IN HIS VIEWS ABOUT U.S. MISSILE ABILITY. QUESTIONED ON TELEVISION FRIDAY, MISSILEMAN SHRIEVER ASSERTED "OUR ACCURACY IS AS GOOD OR BETTER THAN THEIRS."

BUT WHAT ABOUT THE 7,760-MILE RANGE OF THE SOVIET ROCKET COMPARED WITH THE 6,300 MILES AT WHICH THE AIR FORCE HAS BEEN SHOOTING ITS OWN ATLAS? DID SCHRIEVER MEAN TO INDICATE THAT THE ATLAS COULD GO A GOOD WAY BEYOND THE 6,300-MILE RANGE?

"THAT IS TRUE," THE AIR GENERAL REPLIED.

SCHRIEVER'S REMARKS ABOUT U.S. ROCKET ACCURACY PRESUMABLY WERE PATTERNED AFTER PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S STATEMENT IN HIS STATE OF THE UNION MESSAGE: THAT IN 14 LAUNCHINGS, AT THE USUAL RANGES, ATLAS MISSILES HIT ON AN AVERAGE WITHIN TWO MILES OF TARGET.

HOWEVER, THERE WAS ONE FACTOR SCHRIEVER DID NOT MENTION.

SO FAR AS IS KNOWN, RUSSIA HAD NEVER BEFORE FIRED A ROCKET TO A 7,760-MILE DISTANCE, EXCEPT FOR VEHICLES PUT INTO SPACE. ON THIS TRY THE SOVIETS HIT, OR AT LEAST CLAIMED TO HAVE HIT ONLY A LITTLE OVER ONE MILE FROM THE BULL'S EYE. THIS, AS GATES SAID, WAS VERY GOOD SHOOTING.

THE UNITED STATES AND THE REST OF THE WORLD ARE NOW WAITING FOR THE RUSSIAN ROCKETEERS TO FIRE THEIR NEXT TEST SHOT INTO THE PACIFIC IMPACT AREA.

FROM THAT AND ANY SUBSEQUENT ONES, U.S. EXPERTS MAY BE ABLE TO MAKE SOME GUESSES ABOUT THE RUSSIAN CLAIM THAT THE TESTS ARE ONLY FOR PURPOSES OF DEVELOPING BIG ROCKET ENGINES FOR SPACE EXPLORATION.

IF THE NEXT NOSE CONE TO ARRIVE PERFORMS PRETTY MUCH LIKE THE FIRST, THE SUSPICION WILL BE THAT THESE ARE TESTS OF WEAPONS FOR DISTANCE AND ACCURACY.

ON THE OTHER HAND, IF THE CONE, THE TECHNIQUE OF DELIVERY AND OTHER METHODS ARE DIFFERENT IT COULD INDICATE THAT THE RUSSIANS MIGHT REALLY BE TRYING OUT BOOSTERS AND RE-ENTRY VEHICLES FOR MANNED SPACE FLIGHT.

WHAT THE AIR FORCE OFFICIALS TELL THE SENATE COMMITTEE ABOUT EITHER U.S. MISSILE NUMBERS OR THEIR ESTIMATE OF THE RUSSIAN MISSILE COUNTY AND PRODUCTION CAPABILITY WILL REMAIN SECRET.

HOWEVER, THE AIR FORCE IS UNDERSTOOD TO HAVE ABOUT A DOZEN ATLAS MISSILES READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, WITH MISSILES POISED ON THREE LAUNCHING PADS AT VANDENBERG AIR FORCE BASE, CALIF., THE OTHERS ON HAND NEARBY.

AT ONE POINT IN HIS TV INTERVIEW, SCHRIEVER SAID THAT "OUR BALLISTIC MISSILE PROGRAM IS ON A PAR WITH THE SOVIET UNION AT THIS TIME."

BUT HE MADE NO MENTION OF FIGURES NOR DID HE REFER TO THE STATEMENTS BY SOME CRITICS THAT FOR THE NEXT THREE YEARS A "MISSILE GAP" WILL EXIST AS RUSSIA PULLS FARTHER AHEAD IN WEAPONS.

THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT IS AIMING AT A GOAL OF 27 SQUADRONS OF ATLAS AND TITAN INTERCONTINENTAL MISSILES BY ABOUT 1963. THAT WOULD MEAN A TOTAL OF ABOUT 270 ICBMS.

BUT THE PENTAGON AND EISENHOWER CONTEND THAT WILL NOT BE THE TOTAL STRATEGIC MISSILE POWER OF THE UNITED STATES, THAT AT THE POLARIS MISSILE SUBS, ABLE TO STEAL IN CLOSE TO ENEMY SHORES, WILL AUGMENT THE NUMBER OF HYDROGEN MISSILES AVAILABLE.

THE NAVY NOW HAS ONE BALLISTIC MISSILE SUBMARINE IN OPERATION, EXPECTS TO HAVE THE SECOND READY BEFORE THE END OF THIS YEAR. EACH SUBMARINE IS EQUIPPED TO FIRE 16 POLARIS MISSILES OF ABOUT 1,200-MILE RANGE. THAT MEANS THAT, ADDED TO THE TOTAL OF LAND-BASED ICBMS AVAILABLE, 32 MORE MISSILES COULD BE READY BY THE END OF THIS YEAR.

THE PRESENT OBJECTIVE OF THE NAVY IS TO BUILD ABOUT 45 POLARIS SUBMARINES. THAT WOULD BE A DELIVERY SYSTEM FOR 720 MISSILES. HOWEVER, LITTLE MORE THAN A HALF DOZEN POLARIS SUBMARINES WILL BE IN THE FLEET DURING THE NEXT TWO OR THREE YEARS.

SO FAR, DEBATES BETWEEN ADMINISTRATION SUPPORTERS AND CRITICS IN CONGRESS HAS CENTERED ON MISSILES OF LONG RANGE OR THOSE TO BE DELIVERED BY SUBMARINES WHICH CARRY THEM OVER PART OF THAT RANGE.

INTERMEDIATE RANGE BALLISTIC MISSILES HAVE FIGURED ONLY OCCASIONALLY IN THE DEBATE. THE UNITED STATES IS DEPLOYING UNITS OF THE 1,500-MILE RANGE IRBMS IN SOME FRIENDLY NATIONS IN EUROPE.

BUT THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT NOW CONSIDERS THE IRBM AN INTERIM WEAPON, TO BE KEPT IN READINESS ONLY UNTIL THE 6,000-MILE ICBMS TAKE OVER.

END ADVANCE FOR AMS SUNDAY, JAN. 24--SENT. JAN. 22

BU150AES 1960

A16WX

(470) AMS BUDGET

NIKE-ZEUS

BY EDMOND LLE BRETON

WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-NEARSIGHTEDNESS MAY DOOM THE ARMY'S BOLD NIKE-ZEUS PROGRAM FOR SPOTTING AND KILLING HOSTILE MISSILES -- IF THE "EYE" TROUBLE PROVES INCURABLE.

SCIENCE APPARENTLY HAS NOT SUCCEEDED IN GIVING NIKE-ZEUS ELECTRONIC EYESIGHT GOOD ENOUGH TO TELL A LETHAL WARHEAD RUSHING TOWARD THE UNITED STATES FROM ITS ACCOMPANYING "JUNK."

THIS IMPRESSION HAS BEEN REPORTED BY SOME CONGRESSIONAL SOURCES AS TOP MILITARY FIGURES APPEAR BEFORE COMMITTEE AFTER COMMITTEE IN THE ANNUAL DEFENSE BRIEFINGS. IT APPEARS TO BE A MAJOR REASON WHY THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT HAS REAFFIRMED ITS DECISION TO KEEP THE NIKE-ZEUS PROGRAM IN THE RESEARCH AND TEST STAGE. THE ARMY, MORE CONFIDENT THAT ITS BRAINCHILD CAN OVERCOME DIFFICULTUES, HAS BEEN PUSHING FOR THE PRELIMINARIES TO PRODUCTION.

ALTHOUGH SUPERSECRET, NIKE-ZEUS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE A COMBINATION OF EXTREMELY FAST RADAR DETECTION AND PLOTTING GEAR WITH A MISSILE CAPABLE OF CARRYING A NUCLEAR WAREHEAD. THE SYSTEM WOULD SPOT A JUST-LAUNCHED ENEMY MISSILE, TRACK IT, FIRE THE COUNTERWEAPON AND EXPLODE THE ATOMIC WARHEAD AT LEAST CLOSE ENOUGH TO THE INVADER TO DESTROY IT WHILE STILL HIGH ABOVE THE EARTH. IT WOULD HAVE TO DO ALL THIS IN LESS THAN HALF AN HOUR.

ONE INFORMED SOURCE SAID THERE IS THIS FRUSTRATING ADDITIONAL PROBLEM: AN ICBM HURLS INTO LONG ARCHING TRAJECTORIES NOT ONLY ITS WAR-

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HEAD BUT PORTIONS OF ITS PROPELLING AND BOOSTER STAGES WHICH SCATTER AND DISINTEGRATE. AND THE RADAR OR SIMILAR DEVICE THAT WOULD HAVE TO GUIDE THE ANTIMISSILE HAS NOT BEEN DEVELOPED TO THE POINT OF DISCRIMINATING.

MOREOVER, IF ANY MISSILE FIRING AUTOMATICALLY PROVICES A CERTAIN AMOUNT OF RADAR DECEPTION, IT WOULD BE NO TRICK TO PROVIDE DELIBERATELY MORE DECEPTION OF THE SAME KIND -- "FILL THE UPPER AIR WITH JUNK AND LAUGH AT RADAR."

THE CENSORED VERSIONS OF TESTIMONY BY MILITARY CHIEFS WHICH HAVE BEEN PUBLISHED DO NOT SPELL OUT NIKE-ZEUS' DIFFICULTIES. BUT THEY TEND TO SUPPORT THE VIEW THAT THE BIG PROBLEMS ARE DETECTION, DISCRIMINATION AND GUIDANCE, RATHER THAN THRUST OR EVEN SPEED.

THUS, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR., SAID OF THE NIKE-ZEUS IN TESTIMONY TO THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE:

"WE ARE STILL DEALING WITH UNCERTAINTIES . . . THEY HAVE NO DOUBTS AS TO THE NIKE-ZEUS PROPULSION SYSTEM BUT HAVE RESERVATIONS ABOUT OTHER COMPONENTS."

GATES TOLD AN APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE:

"THE TECHNICAL PROBLEMS INVOLVED IN DETECTING, TRACKING AND COMPUTING THE COURSE OF AN INCOMING BALLISTIC MISSILE AND GUIDING THE INTERCEPTING ZEUS MISSILE TO ITS TARGET, ALL WITHIN A MATTER OF MINUTES, ARE STAGGERING . . . WE ARE NOT SURE THAT WE HAVE IDENTIFIED ALL OF THE PROBLEMS."

AS FOR ALTERNATIVES, GATES SAID:

"I THINK WE MUST TRY TO FIND AN ANTIMISSILE DEFENSE FOR THE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES BY WHATEVER MEANS WE CAN . . . WE ARE DOING REALLY ~~BASIC RESEARCH TO COME UP WITH IDEAS ON THIS WHOLE AREA."~~

IN ANY CASE, GATES PROMISED A FULL-SCALE TEST OF NIKE-ZEUS -- WITHOUT THE NUCLEAR WARHEAD -- ON THE PACIFIC OCEAN RANGE. HE SAID, "I DO NOT WANT TO DOWNGRADE IT BEFORE WE GIVE IT ITS FAIR CHANCE BECAUSE IT IS THE ONLY ANTIMISSILE SYSTEM WE HAVE THAT LOOKS PROMISING."

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A77WX

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

(320) NPA-NUCLEAR

BY JOE F. KANE

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-A DOZEN NATIONS ARE CAPABLE OF EMBARKING ON NUCLEAR WEAPONS PROGRAMS IN THE NEAR FUTURE IF THEY ARE WILLING TO FOOT THE HIGH COSTS, A NON-GOVERMENT STUDY COMMITTEE SAID TONIGHT.

"WE ARE APPROACHING THE POINT WHERE IT WILL NO LONGER BE POSSIBLE FOR THE PRESENT NUCLEAR POWERS TO CONTROL THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS," SAID A POLICY STATEMENT BY THE NATIONAL PLANNING ASSN.

THE STATEMENT WAS ISSUED BY THE ASSOCIATION'S SPECIAL PROJECT COMMITTEE ON SECURITY THROUGH ARMS CONTROL. IT ACCOMPANIED A TECHNICAL REPORT ON A WORLDWIDE SURVEY OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS CAPABILITIES.

LISTED AS THE NATIONS CAPABLE OF MAKING NUCLEAR WEAPONS WERE BELGIUM, CANADA, COMMUNIST CHINA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, FRANCE, WEST GERMANY, EAST GERMANY, INDIA, ITALY, JAPAN, SWEDEN AND SWITZERLAND.

THE COMMITTEE SAID INTERNATIONAL STABILITY WILL BE UPSET AND THE DANGERS OF WAR INCREASED AS MORE COUNTRIES ACHIEVE INDEPENDENT NUCLEAR WEAPONS CAPABILITY.

"ONCE A NATION HAS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETED AN ATOMIC WEAPONS PROGRAM," THE REPORT SAID, "IT WILL HAVE NUCLEAR STOCKPILES WHICH CAN BE STORED WITHOUT APPRECIABLE DETERIORATION, WHICH CAN SURVIVE CHANGES OF GOVERNMENT, AND WHICH CAN BE SOLD, EXCHANGED OR GIVEN

AWAY."

WORLDWIDE RADIOACTIVE CONTAMINATION IS LIKELY TO EXCEED PREDICTIONS IF MEMBERSHIP IN THE "ATOMIC CLUB" EXPANDS, THE REPORT SAID.

THE COMMITTEE SAID PROGRESS TOWARD DEVELOPMENT OF ARMS CONTROLS HAS BECOME INCREASINGLY URGENT. IT SAID THE SPREAD OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS POWER CAN BE ARRESTED ONLY IN TERMS OF LARGER DISARMAMENT ARRANGEMENTS, BINDING ON LARGE POWERS AS WELL AS SMALL.

THE COMMITTEE QUESTIONED THE MILITARY VALIDITY OF BRITISH AND FRENCH DECISIONS TO INVEST IN NUCLEAR WEAPONS AT THE EXPENSE OF OTHER PROGRAMS. BUT IT SAID THESE MATTERS WERE FOR THE COUNTRIES THEMSELVES TO DECIDE.

THE NPA DESCRIBES ITSELF AS A NONPROFIT, NONPOLITICAL ORGANIZATION DEVOTED TO PLANNING BY AMERICANS IN AGRICULTURE, BUSINESS, LABOR AND THE PROFESSIONS. THE COMMITTEE WHICH PREPARED THE REPORT IS COMPOSED OF PHYSICAL SCIENTISTS, POLITICAL SCIENTISTS AND REPRESENTATIVES FROM VARIOUS ECONOMIC FIELDS.

FRANKLIN A. LINDSAY OF THE MANAGEMENT CONSULTANT FIRM OF MCKINSEY & CO. INC. IS ACTING CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE IN THE ABSENCE OF CHAIRMAN RICHARD S. LEGHORN, ON LEAVE TO SERVE AS TECHNICAL ADVISER TO A GOVERNMENT JOINT DISARMAMENT STUDY.

CZ/JA604PES

1960

A76WX

(200) WARFARE

WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-REP. ROBERT W. KASTENMEIER (D-WIS) REPORTED TODAY NEW INFORMATION WHICH HE SAID SHOWS RESEARCH IN BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WARFARE HAS CAUSED THREE DEATHS AND 712 CASES OF ILLNESS SINCE 1950.

KASTENMEIER, IN A STATEMENT LAST THURSDAY, SAID RESEARCH IN BIOLOGICAL WARFARE HAD RESULTED IN TWO DEATHS AND 464 ILLNESSES SINCE 1950. BUT THIS FIGURE CONTAINED DISCREPANCIES HE SAID TODAY.

THE HIGHER TOTAL, KASTENMEIER SAID WAS REPORTED TO HIM BY JOHN E. JACKSON, DIRECTOR OF ATOMIC, BIOLOGICAL AND CHEMICAL WARFARE IN THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT.

KASTENMEIER ANNOUNCED THE FIGURES AS ANOTHER EFFORT IN HIS CAMPAIGN TO WIN APPROVAL OF LEGISLATION HE IS SPONSORING TO REAFFIRM U.S. POLICY OF NOT INITIATING USE OF GERM AND GAS WEAPONS IN EVENT OF WAR.

THE WISCONSIN DEMOCRAT SAID THE FIGURES SUPPLY HIM BY JACKSON SHOWED CHEMICAL WARFARE CAUSED 464 ILLNESSES, OF WHICH ONE WAS FATAL. RESEARCH IN BIOLOGICAL WARFARE WAS BLAMED FOR 251 ILLNESSES, OF WHICH TWO WERE FATAL, HE SAID.

THE EXACT CAUSES OF THE THREE DEATHS WERE NOT SPECIFIED, HOWEVER, IN HIS STATEMENT THURSDAY, KASTENMEIER SAID ANTHRAX, A CATTLE DISEASE TRANSMITTED TO HUMANS, HAD CAUSED TWO FATALITIES RESULTING FROM RESEARCH IN BIOLOGICAL WARFARE.

JA558PES

A123WX (300)

ADVANCE FOR PMS MONDAY JAN. 25--NOTE DATE

AEC JOHNS

BY FRANK CAREY

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-YOU MIGHT CAUSE QUITE A SCRAMBLE IF YOU BARGED INTO A MEETING OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION AND YELLED: "HEY, JOHN, YOU'RE WANTED ON THE PHONE."

IT HAPPENS THAT ALL FOUR MEMBERS OF THE AEC HAVE THE SAME FIRST NAME--JOHN A. MCCONE, CHAIRMAN; DR. JOHN H. WILLIAMS, SCIENTIST-MEMBER; JOHN S. GRAHAM; AND JOHN F. FLOBERG.

THE MEN WHO SHAPE THE NATION'S ATOMIC DESTINY INSIST THE SITUATION CAUSES NO CONFUSION.

THE PROBLEM IS TAKEN CARE OF THUS:

MCCONE, BEING THE BOSS, IS ALWAYS ADDRESSED AT MEETINGS AS EITHER "MR. CHAIRMAN" OR "MR. MCCONE."

FLOBERG USUALLY IS CALLED "JACK," WHILE DR. WILLIAMS ANSWERS TO EITHER "DOC" OR "JOHNNY."

"SO YOU SEE," GRINS COMMISSIONER GRAHAM, "THAT LEAVES ME AS THE ONLY REAL JOHN."

AT PRESENT, THERE'S A VACANCY ON THE COMMISSION DUE TO THE DEATH OF A COMMISSIONER NAMED VANCE WHO HAD THE AUDACITY TO HAVE THE FIRST NAME OF "JOSEPH."

AEC STAFFERS DECLINE TO SAY WHETHER THERE ARE ANY MORE JOHNS AMONG THE POSSIBLE NOMINEES, BUT ONE SAYS:

"PRESIDENT EISENHOWER OUGHT TO SIGN A DIRECTIVE INSISTING THAT THE NEW COMMISSIONER BE A JOHN, JUST TO KEEP THINGS INTACT."

CHAIRMAN MCCONE IS THE ONLY ONE WHO CALLS EVERYONE ELSE JOHN.

"BUT," SAYS A COMMISSION AIDE, "AREAS OF SPECIALIZATION OF THE VARIOUS COMMISSIONERS ARE SUCH THAT YOU KNOW RIGHT AWAY TO WHOM HE'S TALKING."

"BESIDES," HE ADDED, "THERE'S ALWAYS A DEFINITE SEATING ARRANGEMENT AROUND THE TABLE. FOR EXAMPLE, IN ADDRESSING MR. FLOBERG, THE CHAIRMAN HAS TO TURN HIS HEAD ABOUT 180 DEGREES AWAY FROM MR. GRAHAM'S POSITION."

THE COMMISSION GETS PERIODIC FILL-INS FROM JOHN WATERS, AEC'S CHIEF OF SECURITY; JOHN HALL, AN EXPERT ON INTERNATIONAL MATTERS, AND JOHN A. DERRY, BOSS OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. BUT THE RESOURCEFUL COMMISSION HAS AN ANSWER TO THAT, TOO:

WATERS IS CALLED "ADMIRAL;" WHILE ALL OTHER VISITORS NAMED JOHN ARE ADDRESSED AS MISTER.

END ADVANCE FOR PMS MONDAY JAN. 25--MOVED JAN. 23

WE1010AES NM

A121BA

(470)

BALTIMORE, JAN. 23 (AP)-A REPORT CRITICIZING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AS A MAN "BEWILDERED BY THE PROBLEMS OF SPACE TECHNOLOGY" HAS BEEN PREPARED BY A GROUP OF PROMINENT SCIENTISTS, THE BALTIMORE SUN SAID TONIGHT.

1960

IN A WASHINGTON DISPATCH FOR SUNDAY'S EDITION, SUN CORRESPONDENT CHARLES G. WHITEFORD WROTE THAT THE REPORT WAS PREPARED BY A SUBCOMMITTEE OF THE 17 SCIENTISTS COUNSELING THE DEMOCRATIC ADVISORY COUNCIL.

ACCORDING TO THE 25-PAGE PAPER, SAID WHITEFORD, PRESIDENT EISENHOWER IS DESCRIBED "AS A MAN BEWILDERED BY THE PROBLEMS OF SPACE TECHNOLOGY AND THE THREAT RUSSIA HAS POSED BY ITS SPUTNIKS."

THE REPORT BELITTLES THE UNITED STATES MERCURY OR MAN-IN-SPACE PROGRAM, AS HAVING "ONLY A MARGINAL MILITARY OR SCIENTIFIC JUSTIFICATION." IT SUGGESTED THE PLAN BE DEFERRED FROM THREE TO FIVE YEARS.

THESE ARE OTHER POINTS MADE BY THE SCIENTISTS:

1. THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD BOOST APPROPRIATIONS FOR THE SPACE PROGRAM BY 50 PER CENT IMMEDIATELY.

2. A HIGH PRIORITY PROGRAM IS NEEDED TO DEVISE A DEFENSE AGAINST MANNED MILITARY SATELLITES.

3. IN THE SPACE RACE WITH RUSSIA, THIS NATION IS DRAGGING ITS FEET. AS A RESULT, OTHER FOREIGN NATIONS ARE WONDERING IF THE SOVIETS EXCEL IN OTHER LINES OF TECHNOLOGY AS WELL.

MEMBERS OF THE SUBCOMMITTEE PREPARING THE REPORT WERE NOT IDENTIFIED. THE ENTIRE COMMITTEE IS EXPECTED TO TAKE IT UP AT A WASHINGTON MEETING TOMORROW.

AMONG THE 17 SCIENTISTS SERVING AS THE COUNCIL'S COMMITTEE ON SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY ARE ITS CHAIRMAN, DR. ERNEST C. POLLARD, HEAD OF YALE UNIVERSITY'S BIOPHYSICS DEPARTMENT; DR. HAROLD C. UREY, NOBEL PRIZE WINNER OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA'S INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND ENGINEERING; DR. POLYKARP KUSCH, COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY PHYSICS PROFESSOR AND ANOTHER NOBEL PRIZE WINNER, AND DR. H. BENTLEY GLASS, JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY BIOLOGY PROFESSOR.

A MEMBER OF THE DEMOCRATIC ADVISORY COUNCIL WAS QUOTED: "THESE

MEN ARE NOT SERVING ON A POLITICAL PARTY'S COMMITTEE BECAUSE THEY ARE DEMOCRATS, BUT BECAUSE THEY ARE PATRIOTIC AMERICANS WHO FEEL THE SURVIVAL OF THIS NATION IS AT STAKE."

THE REPORT STATES AT THE OUTSET: "THE UNITED STATES UNWITTINGLY INITIATED THE SPACE RACE BY ANNOUNCING ITS INTENTION OF PLACING THE EARTH SATELLITE, THE ILL-FATED VANGUARD, IN ORBIT DURING THE INTERNATIONAL GEOPHYSICAL YEAR.

"THE SOVIET UNION COUNTERED BY USHERING IN THE SPACE AGE--WITH THE SUCCESSFUL LAUNCHING OF THE FIRST ARTIFICIAL SATELLITE, SPUTNIK I. . ."

THE MERCURY PROJECT WAS CRITICIZED NOT ONLY BECAUSE OF "MARGINAL MILITARY OR SCIENTIFIC JUSTIFICATION."

"IN THE EVENT THE FIRST MANNED FLIGHT OF PROJECT MERCURY RESULTED IN THE DEATH OF THE ASTRONAUT INSTEAD OF HIS RECOVERY, OUR INTERNATIONAL PRESTIGE COULD AGAIN REACH A NEW LOW."

IT SUGGESTED PROJECT MERCURY BE DELAYED UNTIL "THE RELIABILITY OF ALL THE COMPONENTS HAS BEEN WELL DEMONSTRATED IN OTHER FLIGHTS."

THE PRESIDENT, SAYS THE REPORT, WAS GUILTY OF "AN INACCURATE AND DANGEROUSLY MISLEADING STATEMENT" IN SAYING THE SPACE BUDGET FOR THE NEW FISCAL YEAR HAS BEEN ALMOST DOUBLED.

"THE FACTS ARE THAT THE RECOMMENDED BUDGET FOR NASA (NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE AGENCY) WAS AN INCREASE FROM $500,000,000 TO $825,000,000." THE REPORT ADDED THAT EVEN THAT INCREASE WAS DUE LARGELY TO A CHANGE IN BOOKKEEPING.

MJ930PES NM

1960

158WX

ADVANCE FOR 630 P.M. EST TONIGHT

(400) NIGHT LEAD INTELLIGENCE

WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-SEN. LYNDON B. JOHNSON (D-TEX) TODAY CHARGED THAT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE THOMAS S. GATES JR. HAS ADOPTED A DANGEROUS NEW METHOD FOR ESTIMATING SOVIET RUSSIAN MISSILES AND MILITARY MIGHT.

"ANY ROSY PICTURE BASED UPON SECOND GUESSING NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV CAN QUICKLY TURN BLOOD-RED," THE SENATE DEMOCRATIC LEADER SAID IN A STATEMENT BLISTERING RECENT TESTIMONY BY GATES AND OTHER ADMINISTRATION SPOKESMEN SUPPORTING THE NEW DEFENSE BLUEPRINTS AND BUDGET.

GATES SURPRISED SOME MEMBERS OF CONGRESS THIS WEEK BY TESTIFYING "THERE IS NO DETERRENT GAP" IN OVERALL U.S. MILITARY MIGHT COMPARED WITH THAT OF THE SOVIETS.

HE SAID THAT PRIOR U.S. INTELLIGENCE ESTIMATES OF SOVIET MISSILES AND MILITARY POWER HAD BEEN REVISED DOWNWARD BY BASING THEM ON "WHAT THE SOVIET UNION PROBABLY WOULD DO, AS OPPOSED TO FORMER ESTIMATES WHICH WERE MADE ON WHAT THEY WERE CAPABLE OF DOING."

JOHNSON, CHAIRMAN OF THE SENATE SPACE AND WATCHDOG PREPAREDNESS SUBCOMMITTEES, RECALLED THAT LAST YEAR GATES'S PREDECESSOR, SECRETARY OF DEFENSE NEIL H. MCELROY, SAID THE SOVIETS "COULD HAVE A THREE-TO-ONE EDGE WITHIN TWO TO THREE YEARS." HE ADDED:

"THE MISSILE GAP CANNOT BE ELIMINATED BY THE MERE STROKE OF A PEN. IF OUR DEFENSE PROGRAMS ARE BEING BASED--AS PUBLICLY STATED BY SECRETARY GATES--ON SOVIET INTENTIONS RATHER THAN CAPABILITIES, THERE IS REAL REASON FOR CONCERN.

"WE CERTAINLY CANNOT AFFORD TO STAKE THE LIVES AND THE FUTURE OF 175 MILLION AMERICANS ON THE ABILITY OF SOME OFFICIALS TO READ NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S MIND."

30.24-9855

"IT IS DIFFICULT TO BASE OUR PLANNING UPON ESTIMATES OF SOVIET CAPABILITIES," HE SAID. "EVEN THEN WE MUST RELY ON BITS AND PIECES OF INFORMATION, WHICH CAN SELDOM GIVE A COMPLETELY ACCURATE PICTURE.

"BUT TO GO BEYOND THIS--FROM CAPABILITIES TO INTENTIONS--AND TO RELY UPON HUNCHES CONCERNING THE THOUGHTS THAT SLIP KREMLIN MINDS--IS INCREDIBLY DANGEROUS."

JOHNSON WAS OUT OF THE CITY THIS WEEK OF SPEAKING DATES WHEN GATES AND OTHER DEFENSE LEADERS PRESENTED CLOSED DOOR TESTIMONY BEFORE THE SENATE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, OF WHICH JOHNSON IS A MEMBER.

GATES ALSO RECEIVED STRONG CRITICISM TODAY FROM REP. FRANK KOWALSKI (D-CONN). KOWALSKI, A FORMER WEST POINTER AND FORMER ARMY COLONEL, SAID "HONEYED WORDS BY SECRETARY GATES AND REASSURING GENERALITIES BY OTHER ADMINISTRATION LEADERS WILL NOT END THE MISSILE GAP WHICH NOW THREATENS OUR NATIONAL SURVIVAL.

KOWALSKI, A MEMBER OF THE HOUSE ARMED SERVICES COMMITTEE, SAID PENTAGON CHIEFS HAD EMPHASIZED RHETORIC RATHER THAN FACTS IN COMPARING U.S. AND SOVIE MISSILE STRENGTH. ## LEJOPES

B45WX (Q)

1960

(350) ADVANCE FOR 6:30 P.M. EST TODAY

DISCRIMINATION

(ADVANCE) WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-U.S. DIPLOMATS ABROAD HAVE BEEN ASKED TO PROTEST AND REPORT ANY DISCRIMINATIONS BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AGAINST AMERICAN CITIZENS "ON GROUNDS OF RACE OR RELIGION."

THE STATE DEPARTMENT INFORMED SENATORS TODAY THAT THIS INSTRUCTION HAS GONE OUT AS A RESULT OF A CLAUSE IN LAST YEAR'S FOREIGN AID APPROPRIATION PUTTING CONGRESS ON RECORD AS OPPOSED TO ANY SUCH DISCRIMINATIONS.

AUTHORS OF THE PROVISION, SENS. JACOB K. JAVITS (R-NY) AND WAYNE MORSE (D-ORE), APPLAUDED THE STATE DEPARTMENT'S MOVE AS "THE FIRST STEP IN A PROGRAM WHICH IS VITAL TO OUR NATIONAL INTEREST."

THEY SAID IN A JOINT STATEMENT THAT AFTER RECEIVING REPORTS ON DISCRIMINATIONS AGAINST U.S. CITIZENS AND RESULTING ACTIONS THEY WOULD DETERMINE "WHETHER ADDITIONAL LEGISLATION OR OTHER ACTION IS NEEDED."

FOR SEVERAL YEARS THERE HAVE BEEN PROTESTS IN CONGRESS THAT SAUDI ARABIA AND OTHER ARAB COUNTRIES HAVE BARRED U.S. JEWISH CITIZENS FROM ENTRY OR BUSINESS.

SAUDI ARABIA ALSO HAS BANNED U.S. MILITARY PERSONNEL OF THE JEWISH FAITH, AND THERE HAVE BEEN UNCONFIRMED REPORTS THAT ICELAND REFUSED TO ADMIT U.S. NEGRO TROOPS.

STATE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HAVE OPPOSED CONGRESSIONAL PROPOSALS TO DENY U.S. FOREIGN AID TO NATIONS THAT PRACTICE DISCRIMINATIONS.

BUT LAST YEAR JAVITS AND MORSE WON ACCEPTANCE OF THE PROVISION PUTTING CONGRESS ON RECORD AGAINST "ANY ATTEMPT BY FOREIGN NATIONS TO CREATE DISTINCTIONS BECAUSE OF THEIR RACE OR RELIGION AMONG AMERICAN CITIZENS IN THE GRANTING OF PERSONAL OR COMMERCIAL ACCESS OR ANY OTHER RIGHTS. . ."

IT ADDED THAT THE PRESIDENT COULD DETERMINE ABOUT AID OR FUNDS FOR ANY NATIION FOUND TO BE DISCRIMINATING.

WILLIAM B. MACOMBER JR., ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF STATE FOR CONGRESSIONAL RELATIONS, INFORMED JAVITS THAT THE DEPARTMENT SENT A CIRCULAR TO ALL DIPLOMATIC AND CONSULAR POSTS ABROAD INFORMING THEM THAT "THE UNITED STATES HAS NEVER CONDONED DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICES BY FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AGAINST ITS CITIZENS ON GROUNDS OF RACE OR RELIGION."

THE CIRCULAR ASKED U.S. DIPLOMATS TO INFORM FOREIGN NATIONS THAT SUCH DISCRIMINATIONS HINDERED U.S. EFFORTS "TO HELP ITS FRIENDS WITH THEIR

DEFENSE, COMMERCIAL AND ECONOMIC PROGRAMS," MACOMBER SAID, AND CALLED ATTENTION TO THE CLAUSE IN THE FOREIGN AID MONEY BILL.

IT ALSO ASKED THE DIPLOMATS TO REPORT BACK ON ANY DISCRIMINATIONS AND PROPOSALS FOR ENDING THEM.

BU424PES

A78WX

ADVANCE FOR 6:30 PM EST TODAY

(160) RACIAL

(ADVANCE)..WASHINGTON, JAN. 23 (AP)-THE GOVERNMENT SERVED NOTICE TODAY IT WILL BACK UP THE ENFORCEMENT OF STATE AND LOCAL LAWS AGAINST RACIAL DISCRIMINATION IN URBAN RENEWAL HOUSING.

THE HOUSING AGENCY ANNOUNCED DEVELOPERS FOUND GUILTY OF VIOLATING ANTI-DISCRIMINATION LAWS MAY BE DENIED ANY FURTHER COOPERATION BY THE URBAN RENEWAL ADMINISTRATION.

"THE PURPOSE OF THIS NOTICE," SAID A STATEMENT BY HOUSING ADMINISTRATOR NORMAN P. MASON "IS TO MAKE CLEAR TO THOSE UNDERTAKING REDEVELOPMENTS OF URBAN RENEWAL AREAS THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT STANDS READY TO SUPPORT VALID ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS OF STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES WITH RESPECT TO ANTI-DISCRIMINATION STATUTES, JUST AS WE DO WITH RESPECT TO OTHER APPLICABLE STATE AND LOCAL LAWS."

THE AGENCY LISTED THESE STATES AS HAVING LAWS FORBIDDING DISCRIMINATION IN PUBLICLY ASSISTED HOUSING: CALIFORNIA, COLORADO, CONNECTICUT, MASSACHUSETTS, NEW JERSEY, NEW YORK, OREGON AND WASHINGTON.

COLORADO, CONNECTICUT, MASSACHUSETTS AND OREGON ALSO HAVE LAWS AGAINST DISCRIMINATION IN PRIVATE HOUSING, THE AGENCY SAID, AS DO NEW YORK CITY AND PITTSBURGH.

JA610PES

A161 (110)

TOKYO, SUNDAY, JAN. 24 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI RETURNED TO JAPAN TODAY DESCRIBING THE NEW MILITARY ALLIANCE HE SIGNED WITH THE UNITED STATES AS "A BULWARK OF FREEDOM AND PEACE."

1960

HIS TUMULTOUS ARRIVAL WAS CHEERED BY 13,500 SUPPORTERS CARRIED TO THE AIRPORT IN A HUGE FLEET OF BUSES BY KISHI'S LIBERAL DEMOCRATIC PARTY.

IT WAS THE GREATEST CROWD IN THE HISTORY OF TOKYO INTERNATIONAL AIRPORT.

THE RETURN WAS IN SHARP CONTRAST TO KISHI'S "BACK-DOOR" DEPARTURE WHEN POLICE FOUGHT LEFTIST STUDENT DEMONSTRATORS AND THE PRIME MINISTER CAME IN BY BACK ROADS TO ELUDE THEM.

THIS TIME LEFTISTS WERE BARRED AND ALL VEHICLES ENTERING THE AIRPORT CAREFULLY SCREENED.

ABOUT 200 DIPLOMATS AND PARTY AND GOVERNMENT LEADERS GREETED THE PREMIER AS HE STEPPED DOWN FROM HIS PLANE.

KISHI TOLD THE CROWD THAT DESPITE EASING OF WORLD TENSIONS "WE CANNOT IGNORE THE FACT . . . THAT THE TOTALITARIAN OFFENSIVE CONTINUES UNABATED. .

"WE ARE CONSTANTLY SUBJECTED TO THE THREAT OF A FORCE WHICH SEEKS TO DESTROY OUR FREE ORDERLY SOCIETY WHICH STANDS FOR PEACE AND PROSPERITY," HE DECLARED.

WITHOUT NAMING COMMUNISM, KISHI STATED THAT IN ORDER TO SEEK PEACE AND PROSPERITY JAPAN MUST FIRST "FREE OURSELVES FROM THIS THREAT."

"THE NEW TREATY OF MUTUAL COOPERATION AND SECURITY CONFORMS TO THIS NEED AND MIGHT BE CALLED A BULWARK OF FREEDOM AND PEACE," HE SAID.

HE SAID THE NEW TREATY, WHICH CONTINUES U.S. MILITARY BASES IN JAPAN AT LEAST 10 MORE YEARS, WAS SIGNED BECAUSE ALTHOUGH THE OLD 1951 U.S.-JAPAN SECURITY PACT "DID NOT CONFORM TO THE SITUATION EXISTING AT THE PRESENT TIME OR TO THE SENTIMENTS OF THE JAPANESE PEOPLE."

ON THE QUESTION OF AMERICA CONSULTING JAPAN ON THE USE OF ITS JAPAN-BASED TROOPS KISHI DECLARED THAT PRESIDENT EISENHOWER "PLEDGED THAT WITH REGARD TO THE QUESTION OF CONSULTATION. . . THE UNITED STATES WOULD TAKE NO ACTION CONTRARY TO THE WISHES OF THE JAPANESE GOVERNMENT."

Z1225AES

BERLIN, JAN. 23 (AP)-ONE OF COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY'S TOP PROPAGANDISTS EXPLAINED TO A YOUNG MAN TODAY WHY HE HAD BEEN BARRED FROM MAKING A CHRISTMAS VISIT TO HIS FATHER IN WEST GERMANY--WESTERN AGENTS MIGHT HAVE "GOBBLED HIM UP."

5-8

1960

THE EXPLANATION APPEARED IN A COLUMN GERHART EISLER WRITES FROM TIME TO TIME IN THE COMMUNIST DAILY JUNGE WELT (YOUNG WORLD). EISLER IS A VETERAN COMMUNIST WHO ONCE LIVED IN THE UNITED STATES, WAS JAILED THERE AND ESCAPED BY JUMPING BAIL.

HANS METTING OF DRESDEN HAD WRITTEN TO COMPLAIN ABOUT THE HARSHNESS OF THE POLICE DECISION. EISLER WROTE THAT HIS ANNOYANCE WAS UNDERSTANDABLE, BUT HE WOULD DO BETTER TO BLAME THE WEST GERMANS FOR IT. THE REFUSAL, HE SAID, WAS FOR METTIG'S OWN GOOD.

"WE KNOW VERY WELL," HE SAID, "HOW EVERY POSSIBLE SECRET SERVICE SO EAGERLY TRIES TO GET OUR STUDENTS, ESPECIALLY THOSE FROM TECHNICAL SCHOOLS, INTO ITS CLUTCHES IN ORDER TO GOBBLE THEM UP FOR THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC."

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